

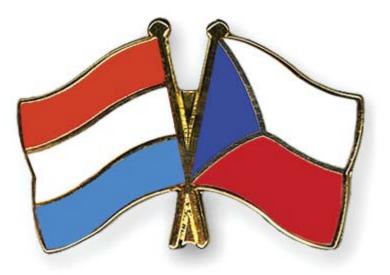
Investment Climate in the Czech Republic





The Content of Slideshow

- -- Czech Republic Basic Data
- -- Investment Climate in the Czech Republic
- -- FDI from Luxembourg to the Czech Republic







Czech Republic: Basic Data

Population (2015) Labour force (2015) Unemployment (Actual for: Aug 2015) GDP p.c. in USD (PPP) (2014) GDP growth (2014) GDP growth (2015*) Annual inflation (August 2015) Average monthly Wage (March 2015)

Export destinations (2014)

5.3 million
6.3%
28 466
2.0%
4.4%
0.5%
€997
\$ 1.054

10.5 million

\$ 1, 054 Germany (32.0%) Slovak Rep. (8.3%) Poland (5.9%)



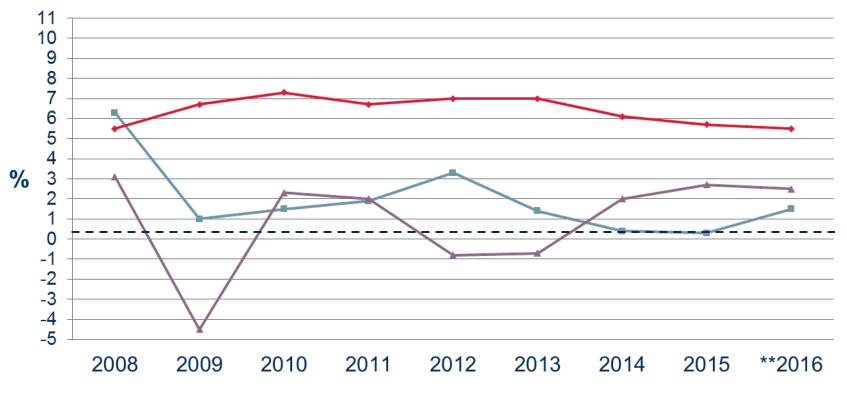
* current

Source: Czech Statistical Office 2015, Czech Ministry of Finance April 2015, IMF 2015





Basic Economic Indicators



**Forecast

Source: Ministry of Finance. Macroeconomic Forecast. April 2015





CEE Comparison of Outlook for Year 2015:

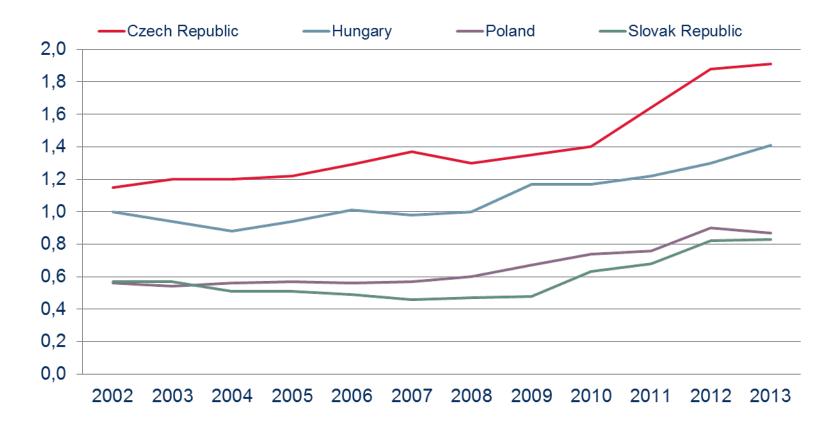
Key Performance Indicators	Czech Republic	Slovak Republic	Poland	Hungary
Population (mil.)	10.5	5.4	38.5	9.9
GDP (%)	2.5	2.7	3.3	2.3
GDP p.c. in USD (Current Prices)	19,800	19,030	15,400	13,440
Unemployement (%)	6.0	13.2	9.5	7.8
Total investment (GDP %)	22.7	19.0	21.4	19.4
General Gov. Gross Debt (GDP %)	44.4	55.7	49.0	79.2

Source: IMF 2015 (World Economic Outlook Database)



Total Expenditure on R&D

Percentage of GDP

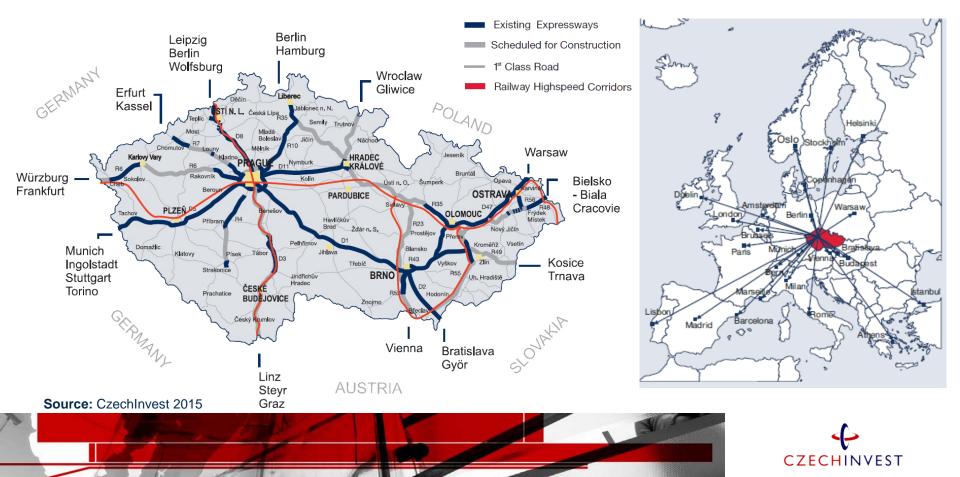




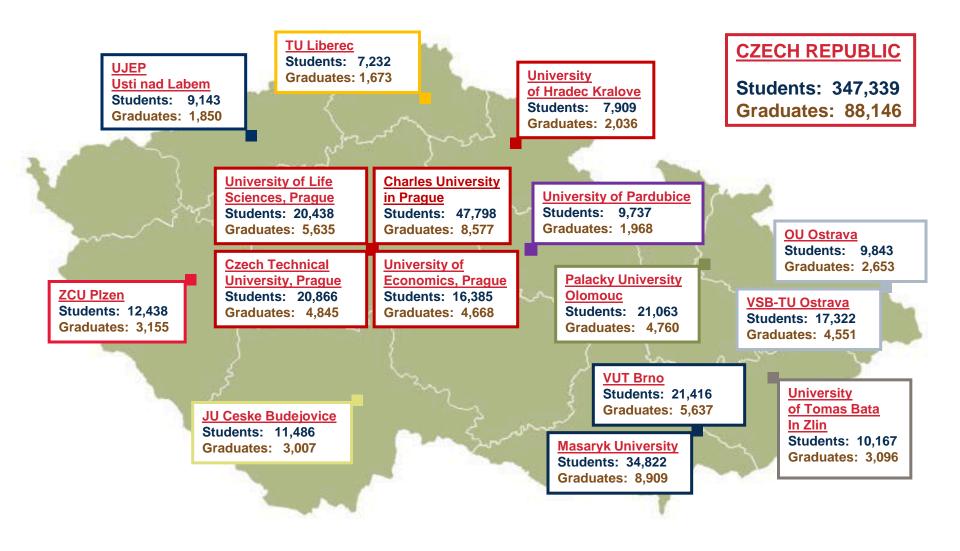


Location and Infrastructure

- -- Great geographical location
- -- Great access to both emerging eastern as well as established western markets
- -- Advanced infrastructure densest railway network in CEE, complementary highways



Main Universities 2014/2015



Source: Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports , 2015



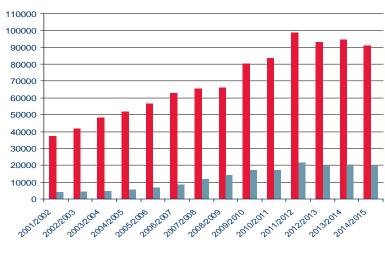


Favourable Labour Costs

- -- Creative, innovative, skilled and experienced labour force
- -- Lower costs compared to Western Economies
- -- Steady inflow of new graduates into the labour market

Country	EUR
Germany	24.4
Austria	23.2
France	23.1
EU-28	18.6
United Kingdom	18.6
Czech Republic	6.9

Average hourly wages (EUR) in 2014



Number of students and graduates at Czech technical Universities

students

graduates





Taxation in the Czech Republic

Corporate income tax 19% Personal income tax 15% Withholding tax 15% (standard rate, may be modified by Double Tax Treaties) standard 21%, reduced 15% and lowered 10% Value-added tax Real estate tax rates vary by type, location and purpose of use Real estate transfer tax 4% (flat rate) Road tax rates vary by engine capacity (passenger cars) or weight and number of axles (other commercial vehicles) Excise tax on gasoline, alcohol and tobacco only on electricity, natural and other gases, and solid fuels **Energy tax**

Source: PricewaterhouseCoopers, 2015





Investment Risk Rating

COUNTRY	STANDARD AND POOR´S	MOODY´S	FITCH
Czech Republic	AA-	A1	A+
Slovakia	А	A2	A+
Poland	A-	A2	A-
Bulgaria	BBB	Baa2	BB+
Hungary	BB+	Ba1	BB+
Romania	BB+	Baa3	BBB-
Russia	BB+	Ba1	BBB-

Note: Foreign Currency Long-Term Sovereign Debt Ratings, 8th July 2015





Source: Czech National Bank, 2015

THE 2015 IMD WORLD COMPETITIVENESS SCOREBOARD

Czech Republic is at the top of the CEE countries in the competitiveness of the world economies

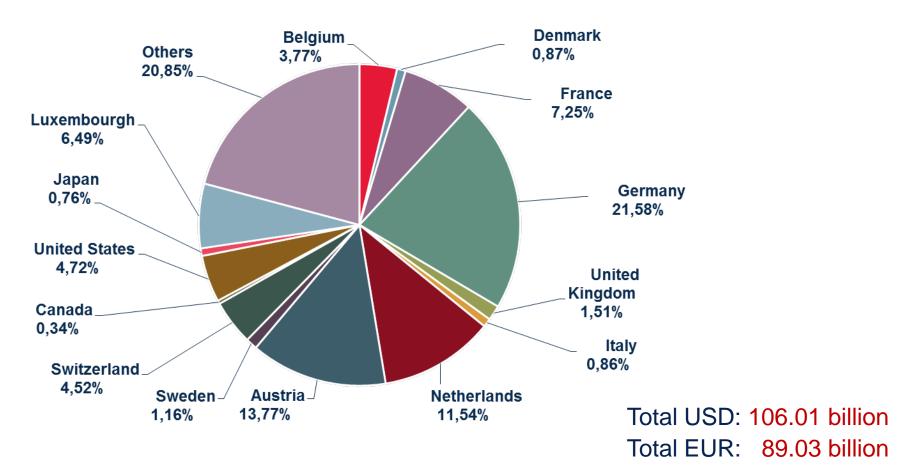
Rank 2015 (14)	Country	Score
1 (1)	USA	100.000
2 (4)	China Hong Kong	96.037
3 (3)	Singapore	94.950
4 (2)	Switzerland	91.616
5 (7)	Canada	90.410
10 (6)	Germany	85.637
29 (33)	Czech Republic	70.834
33 (38)	Poland	68.758
46 (45)	Slovak Republic	57.176
48 (48)	Hungary	56.996

Source: IMD, World Competitiveness Yearbook, May 2015





Cumulative FDI Inflow by Country 2000 – 2014

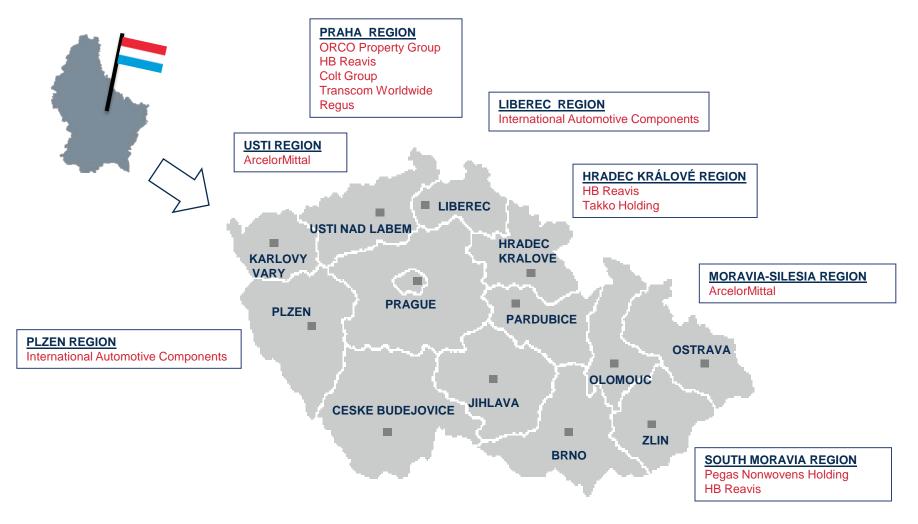


Source: Czech National Bank, 2015





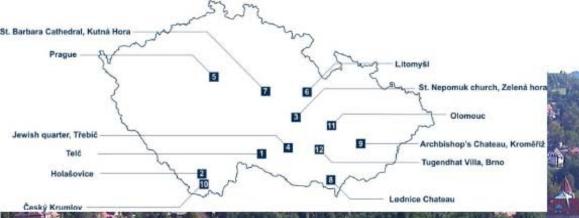
Selected Luxembourg Investors in the Czech Republic



Source: fDi Markets 2015







Czech UNESCO Heritage

12 Czech wonders of the world

DEBUTEROUT





Thank you for your attention.

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